## In the Claims:

Claim 40 (currently amended): A method for identifying a <u>non-oligomeric</u> ligand that binds to a target protein wherein said ligand is not a peptide and is less than about 2000 daltons in size, said method comprising:

- a) obtaining said target protein comprising a -SH group, masked -SH group, or activated -SH group;
- b) combining said target protein with one or more <u>non-oligomeric</u> ligand candidates wherein said ligand candidates each comprises a disulfide bond, and wherein said ligand candidates are not peptides and are each less than about 2000 daltons in size;
- c) forming a <u>covalent</u> target protein-ligand conjugate wherein at least one ligand candidate binds to the target protein and forms a disulfide bond with the target protein under disulfide exchange conditions; and
- d) detecting the formation of said <u>covalent</u> target protein-ligand conjugate and identifying the <u>non-oligomeric</u> ligand present in said conjugate.

Claim 41 (previously added): The method of claim 40 wherein the ligand is less than 1500 daltons.

Claim 42 (canceled)

Daim 43 (previously added): The method of claim 40 wherein the ligand is less in 750 dattons.

Claim 44 (canceled)

Claim 45 (previously added): The method of claim 40 wherein step b) is performed in the presence of a reducing agent.

Claim 46 (previously added): The method of claim 40 wherein step c) is performed in the presence of a reducing agent.

Claim 47 (previously added): The method of claim 45 or claim 46 wherein the reducing agent is 2-mercaptoethanol.

Claim 48 (previously added): The method of claim 40 wherein the formation of the target protein-ligand conjugate is detected using mass spectrometry.

Amendment and Response to Office Action (dated November 20, 2002) Application Serial No. 10/082,046 Attorney's Docket No. 39750-0002DV1C2 Claim 49 (previously added): The method of claim 48 wherein the target proteingand conjugate is subjected directly to mass spectrometry analysis.

Claim 50 (previously added): The method of claim 48 wherein the target proteinligand conjugate is (ragmented prior to mass spectrometry analysis.

Claim 51 (previously added): The method of claim 49 or claim 50 wherein the mass spectrometry analysis also identified the ligand is said conjugate.

Claims 52-58 (canceled)

Claim 59 (currently amended) A method for identifying a <u>non-oligomeric</u> ligand that binds to a target protein wherein said ligand is not a peptide and is between about 200 and about 2000 less than about 750 daltons in size, said method comprising:

- a) obtaining said target protein comprising a -SH group, masked -SH group, or activated -SH group;
- b) combining said target protein with one or more <u>non-oligomeric</u> ligand candidates in a mixture wherein said ligand candidates—are not peptides—and are each less than about <del>2000</del> 750 daltons in size;
- c) forming a target protein-ligand conjugate wherein at least one ligand candidate binds to the target protein and forms a <u>covalent</u> disulfide bond with the target protein under disulfide exchange conditions;
  - d) separating the <u>covalent</u> target protein-ligand conjugate from the mixture; and
  - e) identifying the ligand present in said conjugate.

Claim 60 (previously added) The method of claim 59 wherein the ligand is identified using mass spectrometry.

Claims 61-63 (canceled)